

## Tuesday October 21

### Warm Up:

Evaluate each expression if  $a = -2$ ,  $b = 3$  and  $c = 4$

1.  $2a + (b + 3)^2$

$$2(-2) + (3 + 3)^2$$

$$-4 + (6)^2$$

$$-4 + 36$$

$$\boxed{32}$$

2.  $a^2 - 3b - c$

$$(-2)^2 - 3(3) - (4)$$

$$4 - 9 - 4$$

$$\boxed{-9}$$

## New Vocabulary

- quadratic function
- quadratic term
- linear term
- constant term
- parabola
- axis of symmetry
- vertex
- maximum value
- minimum value

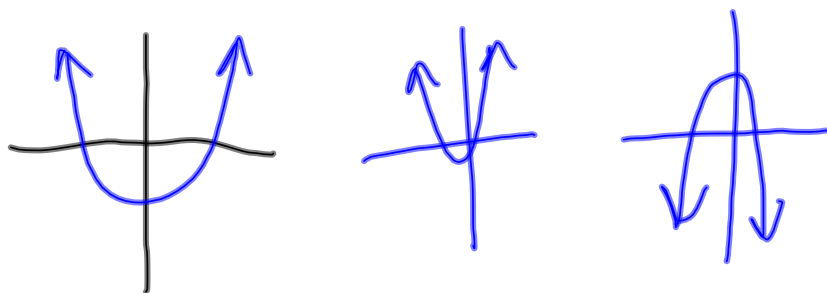
A quadratic function is a function where the greatest exponent is 2.  $a, b, \& c$  are coeff.

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$a \neq 0$

Quadratic Term      Linear Term      Constant Term

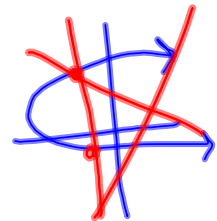
The graph of a quadratic is a parabola.



# Parts of a quadratic

→ an equation

- **Axis of symmetry**: the **line** through the graph that divides the parabola into 2 congruent halves.
- alg. • **Vertex**: the **single point** on the parabola that intersects the axis of symmetry. → an ordered pair
- **Maximum/minimum** A VALUE (#)
- **Y-intercept**: the point where the graph intersects the y-axis (where  $x = 0$ ).
- calc. • **X-intercept**: the point(s) where the graph intersects the x-axis (where  $y = 0$ ).



**KeyConcept** Graph of a Quadratic Function—Parabola

**Words** Consider the graph of  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ , where  $a \neq 0$ .

- The y-intercept is  $a(0)^2 + b(0) + c$  or  $c$ .
- The equation of the axis of symmetry is  $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$ .
- The x-coordinate of the vertex is  $-\frac{b}{2a}$ .

**Model**

How would you find the coordinates of the vertex?

$(-\frac{b}{2a}, f(-\frac{b}{2a}))$   
 plug into function

## Think - Write - Pair - Share

1. Think about how you know if a quadratic will have a maximum or minimum value. Where does that value occur?
2. Write your thoughts in 1-2 complete sentences in your notes.

## Think - Write - Pair - Share

3. Pair up with a "shoe" partner - someone who is wearing the same type of shoe as you.
4. Each partner share what you wrote.

**KeyConcept** Maximum and Minimum Value

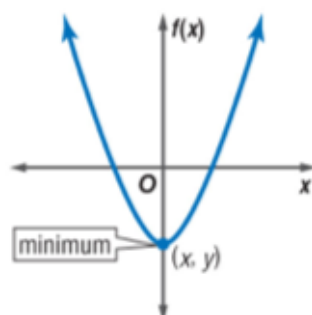
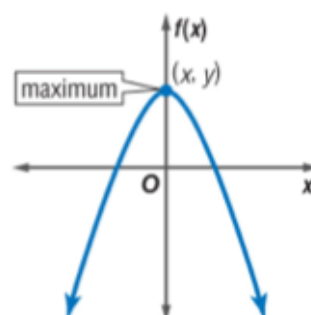
Words

The graph of  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , where  $a \neq 0$ ,

- opens up and has a minimum value when  $a > 0$ , and
- opens down and has a maximum value when  $a < 0$ .

*→ a is positive*

Model

 $a$  is positive.The  $y$ -coordinate is the minimum value. $a$  is negative.The  $y$ -coordinate is the maximum value.



## **HOMEWORK:**

Page 224 #s 12 - 32 Even

- Wait to graph until tomorrow

\* Due Friday

$$12. f(x) = 4x^2$$

$$18. f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 8$$

y-int:  $y = (0)^2 - 6(0) + 8$   $\boxed{(0, 8)}$   
 $y = 8$

axis of sym:  $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-6)}{2(1)} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$

vertex:  $\boxed{x=3}$   
 $(3, -1)$   $y = (3)^2 - 6(3) + 8$   
 $= 9 - 18 + 8$   
 $= -1$